

x Real #'s

Properties

Commutative of x

order of factors does not matter

$$ab = ba$$

$$5 \times 2 = 2 \times 5$$

Associative (groupings) ^{parenthesis}
how factors are grouped
does not matter

$$(ab)c = a(bc)$$

$$(2 \cdot 3)4 = 2(3 \cdot 4)$$

Ident. by

any # $\times 1 =$ that #

$$a \cdot 1 = a$$

Zero

$$a \cdot 0 = 0$$

-1

$$a \cdot (-1) = -a$$

$-5 \cdot (-1) = +5$
opposite

$8(-1) = -8$
opposite

opposite of
a

Inverse

$$a \cdot \frac{1}{a} = 1$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 +a \cdot (+b) = +c \\
 -a \cdot (-b) = +c
 \end{array}
 \left. \vphantom{\begin{array}{l} +a \cdot (+b) = +c \\ -a \cdot (-b) = +c \end{array}} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \text{Same sign} \\ \downarrow \\ \text{+ product} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 +a(-b) = -c \\
 -a(+b) = -c
 \end{array}
 \left. \vphantom{\begin{array}{l} +a(-b) = -c \\ -a(+b) = -c \end{array}} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \text{diff. signs} \\ \downarrow \\ \text{Product} \end{array}$$

$$-2(-4) = \textcircled{+8} \rightarrow (+7) = \textcircled{-21}$$

Justify

$$(-4x) \cdot 5$$

$$(-4 \cdot x) \cdot 5$$

$$(x \cdot (-4)) \cdot 5$$

$$x(-4 \cdot 5)$$

$$x(-20) = \textcircled{-20x}$$

Commutative ★
 Associative ★
 multiply

$$-18(-x)$$

$$-18(-1 \cdot x)$$

-1 property

$$(-18 \cdot (-1))x$$

Associative
-1 property

$$(18)x$$

$$(18x)$$

2.4

#3-27 odd

28-32 even

37-43

45-47

57-64